



**ERA CoBioTech**

**BIO TECH RESEARCH AND INNOVATION HACK 2021**

# Kick Off of the 3. call projects of ERA CoBioTech



## Synthetic Biology for Sustainable Production of the Methionine Analogon HMTB

SynBioMet

Prof. Thomas Walther



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant 722361

27.09.2021

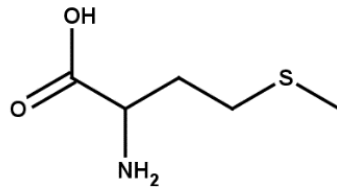
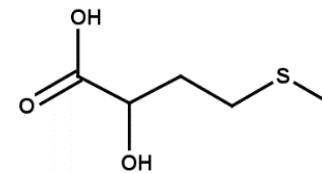
- Partners:

- Institute of Natural Materials Technology, Technische Universität Dresden, GERMANY
- Toulouse Biotechnology Institute, INSA Toulouse, FRANCE
- ESPCI, FRANCE
- Adisseo, FRANCE

- Total project budget: 1.500.000 €

- 01/06/2021 – 31/05/2024

- Project objectives

**METHIONINE****HMTB**  
**(Methionine-Analogue)**

**Application:**

Supplements in poultry diets

**Market volume:**

1.6 Mt/year

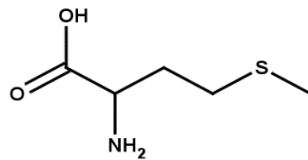
**Annual growth:**

>5 %

**Production:**

chemically from petrol and natural gas

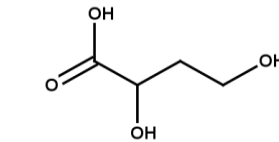
**METHIONINE**



**Technological problems**

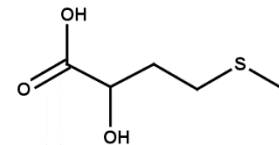
Incorporation of sulfur is metabolically costly  
 -> max yield 0.6 g/g – 0.9 g/g

Maximum solubility: 50 g/L



**(L)-2,4-DHB**

+ CH<sub>3</sub>SH  
 Chemical synthesis,  
 100 % yield

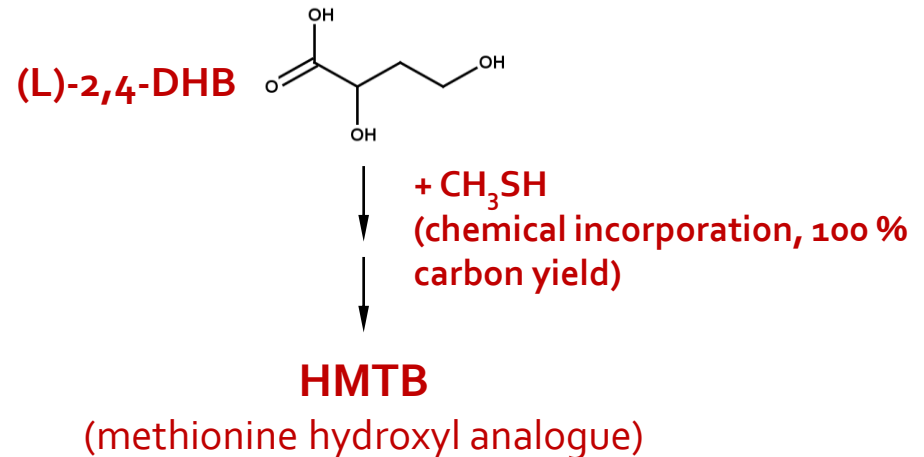
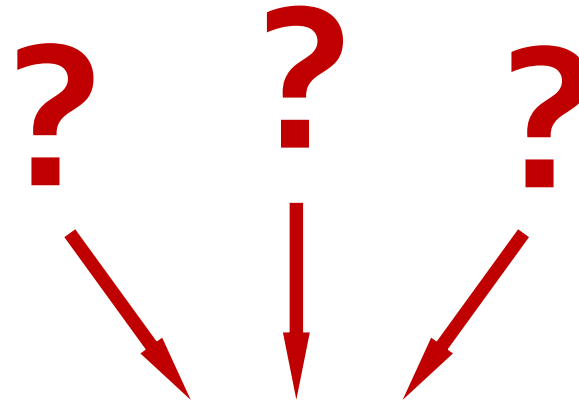


**HMTB  
 (Methionine-Analagon)**

**Solution**

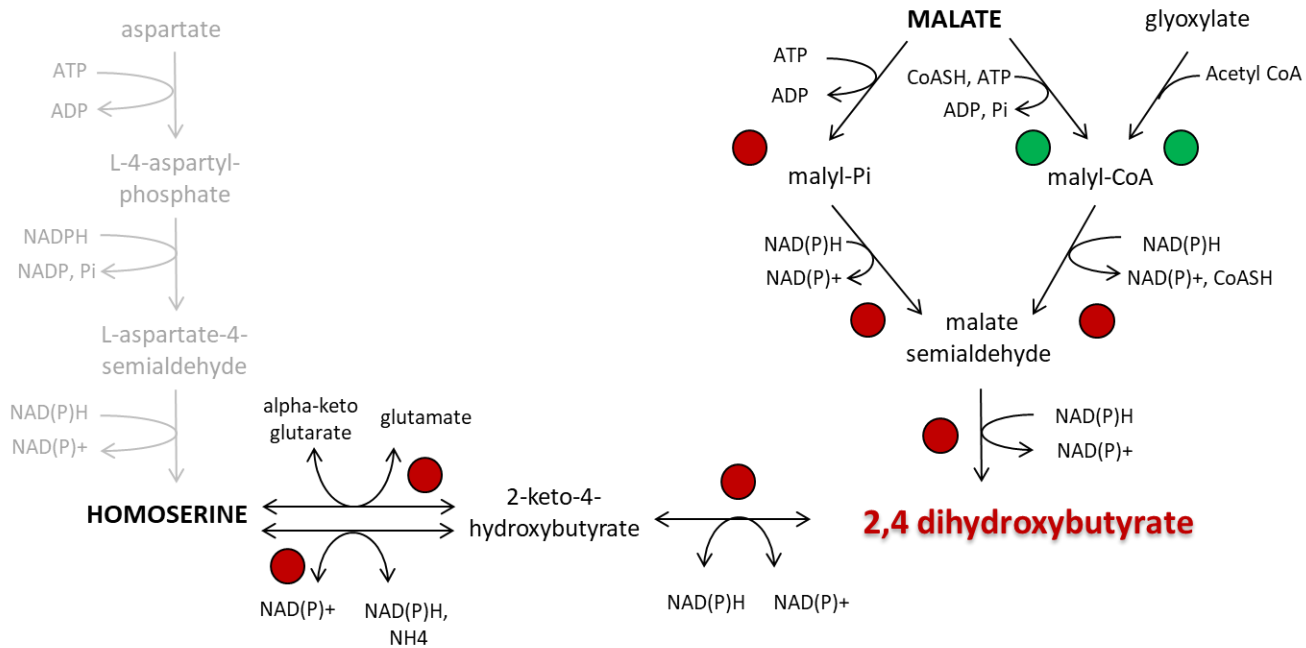
2-stage bio/chemical synthesis  
 -> max yield 1.2 g/g

Maximum solubility of DHB/HMTB > 150 g/L

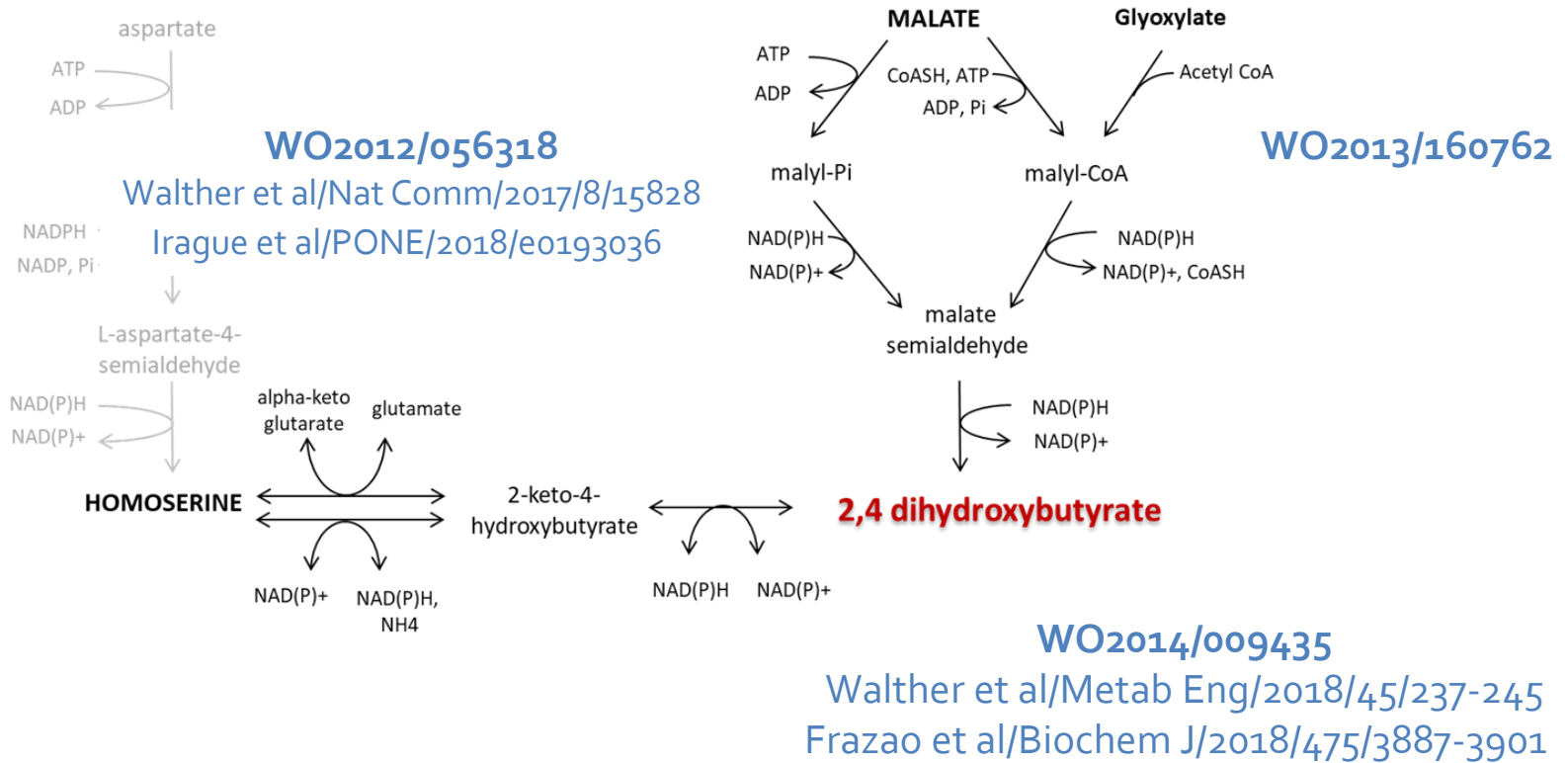


DHB from petrol is too expensive

DHB is not a natural metabolic  
intermediate



Implementation of synthetic DHB pathways required massive enzyme and strain engineering



- Published strain/process performance:
    - DHB yield: 0.1 g/g in non-optimized producer strain in 24 h
    - Product titer: 8 g/L
  
  - Process performance of molecules in same price range
    - Yield > 0.5 g/g
    - Productivity > 2 g/L/h
    - Product titer > 150 g/L
- > Gap between observed and industrially relevant performance

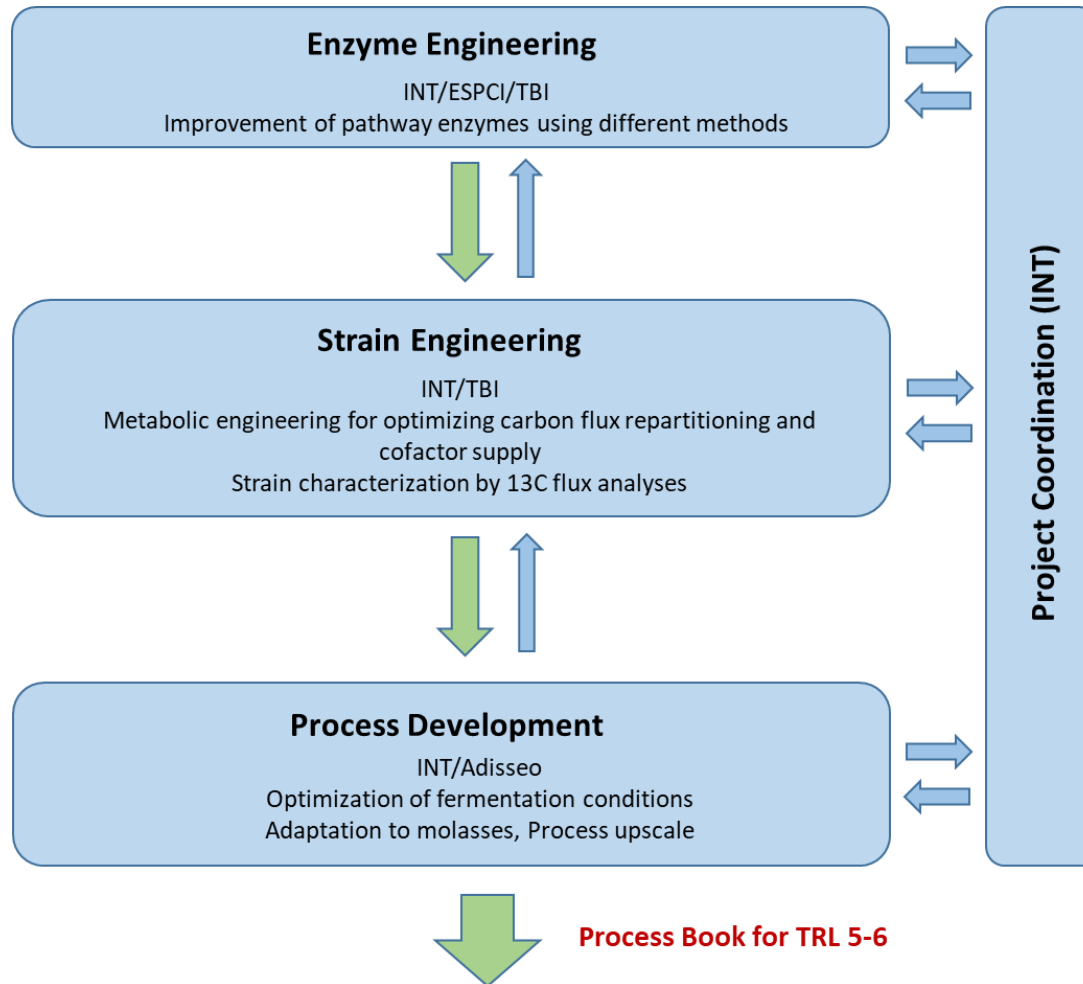


### ● Project objectives

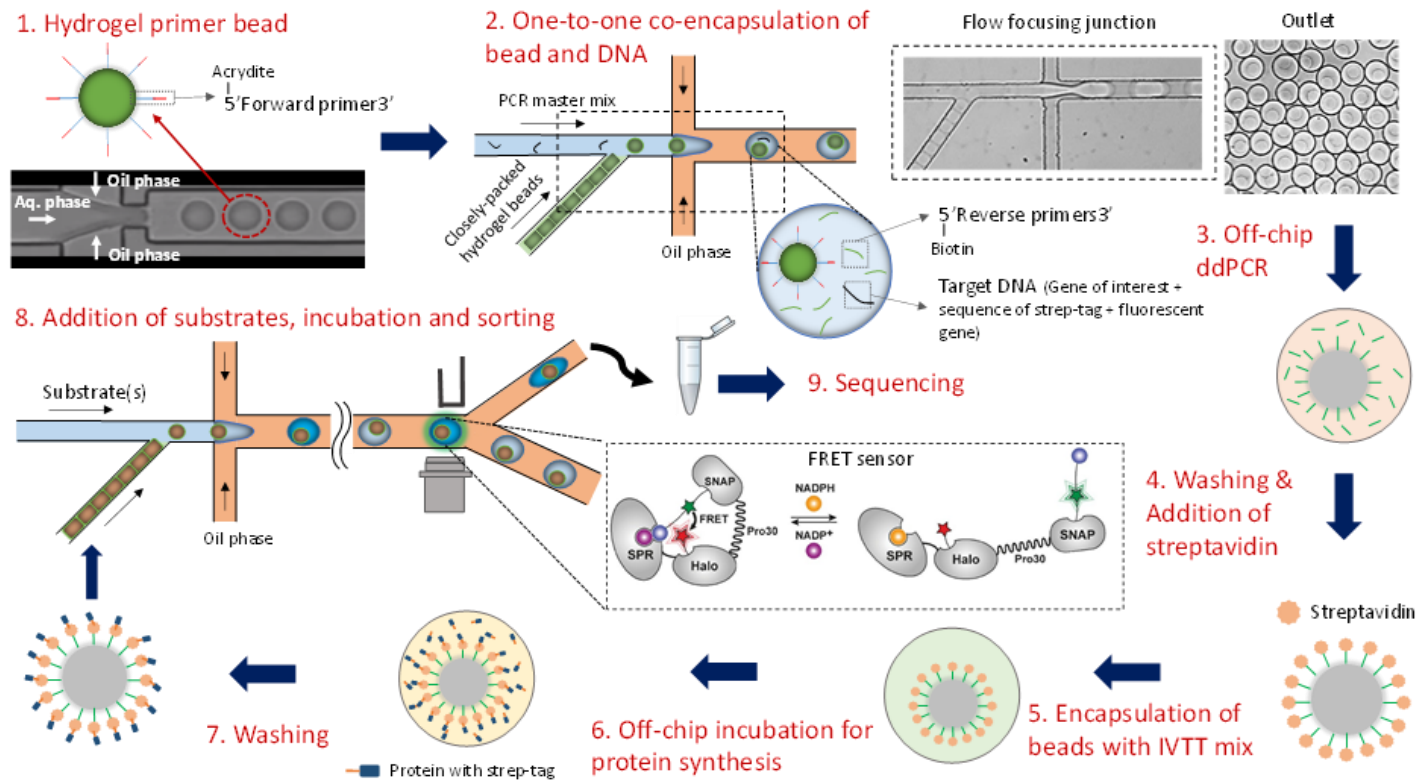
- Development of a microbial fermentation process for the biosynthesis of 2,4-dihydroxybutyric acid (DHB)
- > Attain industrially relevant DHB yields and productivities
  
- Improvement of enzymatic activities in synthetic metabolic pathways
- Optimization of producer strains
- Optimization of the fermentation process

### ● Scientific approach and project topic area

- Synthetic Biology/Systems biology/Applied biotechnology
- Enzyme engineering, Metabolic engineering, Fermentation technology



● Highlight: Microfluidics-based enzyme engineering



- Highlight: Microfluidics-based enzyme engineering
  - cell-free expression of mutant enzymes alleviates the transformation efficiency barrier present in conventional screenings
  - Together with the analysis of mutant enzymes in microfluidic device, this gives rise to unprecedented throughput

- *Outcomes*

- Develop strains which produce DHB at industrially relevant titers and yields in an industrially relevant environment (TRL 5-6)
- High-performing cell-free enzyme expression and screening system based on microfluidics platform

- *Planned implementation and exploitation of results*

- DHB producer strains shall be used by the industrial partner Adisseo
- Enzyme screening system will be a valuable tool for the entire Synthetic Biology community

*Contact:*

*Prof. Thomas Walther  
Technische Universität Dresden  
Institute of Natural Materials Technology  
Chair of Bioprocess Engineering  
01062 Dresden, Germany*

*[thomas\\_walther@tu-dresden.de](mailto:thomas_walther@tu-dresden.de)*

